



The Quincy Union.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

BY
W. W. KELLOGG.

Terms of Subscription:

For One Year, (invariably in advance)..... \$5.00

For Six Months,..... \$3.00

Advertising:

One Square, (ten lines or less) first insertion..... \$3.00

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VOL. 4. QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL., SATURDAY, NOV. 25, 1865. NO. 4.

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QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.

SATURDAY, NOV. 25, 1865.

THE DISCUSSION COMMENCED.—The papers have broken loose on the Senatorial question, and we shall hear nothing else till the matter is settled by the election of the man. The Placerville Mirror pronounces for Phelps or Cole. Asks Mr. Sargent to wait for the wagon instead of taking a ride now. The editor says:

On their merits, Union men generally have but little choice between Phelps, Cole and Sargent. All of them have been tried, and found to be true and faithful public servants. The selection of either would redound to the credit of the party and the State.

The Mirror, in another article, evidently written after receiving further light, says:

The gentlemen who are now understood to be candidates are Phelps, Cole, Sargent, Shafter, Low and Felton. If there are others, it is high time they let the fact be known. We should have a word or two to say about certain gentlemen if they were candidates, which there would be no objection in publishing if they were not. When asked, these parties deny that they are in the field, but the evidence of their working slyly crops occasionally. We hope the legislators are not children, to be captivated by something because it is new. These underground politicians are dangerous fellows.

Gov. Low is no doubt a candidate, has been all the while, and with as much positive strength as any other candidate. When the joint Convention ballots, some will receive Low's votes. Unless positive of success his name will never be used in public. —[Appeal].

Generous organ of public news! When Gov. Low withdrew from the Senatorial contest last Summer, the Appeal did not know what it meant. Judging an honorable man by its own standard, it suspected some trickery, instead of knowing that his withdrawal was earnest and bona fide and done to prevent a division in the ranks of the Union party; yet now, the loudest-mouthed brawler in the party, not satisfied with driving him from the Senatorial ring, must follow him to the shades of privacy, and accuse him of gross hypocracy! Has the Appeal no sense of shame? or, does the fact which it admits, that "Gov. Low" (notwithstanding his withdrawal) "has as much positive strength as any other candidate," haunt the guilty dreams of the editor of the Appeal, or is the foregoing item a scintillation from the closest of the "statesman from Nevada?"

LITTLE LESS THAN INFAMOUS.—Matthew Galloway, the leading rebel of Tennessee, who stole eight thousand dollars from the Memphis Post Office and delivered it to the rebels, and who was editor of the vagabond Avalanche, has been pardoned by the President. If Johnson will now let Jeff. Davis off, and proclaim a national mass for Wilkes Booth's soul, he will be regarded as the most magnanimous ruler of the nineteenth century. —S. F. Flag.

There is no more infamous paper on this coast than the Flag. It is a perfect Ishmaelite, with its hand against every man, and it must not be surprised to find every man's hand against it. Such rascality against the President is villainous. It will do its readers good to ask, "Why seek to turn the hearts of Union men away from the Executive? Does not the Flag know and realize that it is great to be magnanimous? Does it not know further, that when the fight ended it became the government to go to the very verge and limit of forgiveness? It would appear not, and that it goes on the old code of an eye for an eye instead of the more blessed and Christ like emulations of the new dispensation.

Such paragraphs as the above, prove that the Flag would rather the war should continue until death and destruction cover the whole South. Instead of seeing and comprehending the situation, it grovels in the darkness of past enmities. Such language is only fit for the bar-rooms and the stews, and not for the columns of a journal published in the intelligent city of San Francisco: and yet, we fully expect the Appeal will copy the above extract with joy, to keep even with its gifted brother of the Flag, and all because President Johnson does not cut his coat by their tape line.

The editor of the New York Times is assiduously engaged in devoting Administration to it. He is another Lowell for a different Johnson. The Times is late indulging the expression of sentiments which appear remarkable in a Republican paper. It says there is going to be a great re-action against the negro, and that "the nation has done so much for the negro and at such a cost, that it does not feel called upon just now to do much more." —[Flag].

Now let the Appeal copy the above and pitch into the Hessian Times. What right has a Union man or journal to think or act differently from the S. F. Flag or Appeal? Do they not advocate negro suffrage, and must not every man bare his back to carry the black load, or else be called Hessian? It reads us out of the party because we will not indorse its insane ideas. It reads President Johnson out; it must read out one half of the U. S. Senators, two thirds of Union Congressmen, Generals Grant and Sherman, besides the N. Y. Times and three fourths of the Union party; then it will have a *select* tea party, —very.

COMMISSIONED IN NEVADA.—Governor Blasdel has issued the following commissions:

Commissioners of Deeds—John M. Abbott, Summit City, Nevada county, California; N. A. Hamilton, Placerville, California; Clinton Gurnee, San Francisco, California; A. J. Henning, Jr., Samuel Irons, John Whipple, New York City; Thomas Whelan, Baltimore, Maryland. Notaries Public—L. W. Taylor, Esmeralda county, Nevada; George P. Fitts, Lander county, Nevada.

OUR INTERESTS.

We propose to offer a few ideas this week on the advantages which would result to Plumas county, from the repeal of the "Specific Contract" Act of this State, and we do so because we believe its repeal would be beneficial.

There is but little doubt, if any, that a majority of the elected representatives of the State are favorable to a repeal of these Acts; indeed we cannot see how any man, who was elected as a Union party man, can fly, in the face of the national platform, and favor a law which strikes at one of the few points of vitality of that document! Left after the crushing out of the rebellion; and although those members of the party who oppose any repeal, do so upon the alleged ground that it is impolitic to disturb the question of currency as it now exists in this State, yet we have not seen a single journal place its opposition to the repeal upon the ground that it would be antagonistic to the theory of our Government, or to the recognized platform of the party. We, therefore, in favoring a repeal, do so upon the same alleged motive as those who do oppose repeal, viz: a ground of policy.

California is, we believe, the only State which prohibits any system of banking; it is the only State where Benton's "mint drops" form the only currency. Gold is the recognized currency, and paper, where it does circulate, does so at its market value. Gold is the standard of value, and properly so, too, for every issue of paper as money, must have some basis of specie on which to rest, to be of any value. And we claim that the good faith of our great Government is pledged to redeem every note issued by it, and representing any value as money. But so long as the present statutes are in existence, gold will leave this State to find a place where it commands a premium, and national paper will not come hither, because capital does not hunt a place where it is liable to a discount.

If currency became by law or custom, *money* in this State, no man of sense doubts but that millions upon millions would flow into this State, not for purposes of exchange for gold, but for *investment*; because a higher rate of interest obtains here, than in the Eastern States, and chances are so much more favorable for a better return for use or investment here than there. But so long as the money held there is only worth seventy-five per cent. of its nominal value there, it is not to be expected that any great amount of it will flow this far. But piace it upon the same foundation in the market that it occupies in New York city, and there would be no bar to its coming hither.

Plumas county needs outside capital to be prosperous as she deserves. She must have it,—she needs roads and telegraphs. These she can never have as long as capital is forced from her doors by unfriendly legislation. It is useless to argue that gold will build it as easily as paper, for San Francisco stands with deathlike grip on the State, to enrich the sharks who have no soul above the jingle of dollars. Sacramento will not help us, because she knows that if we once get a start it will play havoc with her railroad schemes. We must look abroad then for help, for in this State we are powerless, and bound hand and foot to the bus of merciless capital which can see nothing but two per cent per month; and to extend this heartless system, money will be spent like water.

What we propose is this: Let the national currency come in with an equal show in our State with gold; if it does, the numberless mines, rich in gold and copper in this county, will be developed by the help of Eastern capital. This will crest the need of good roads, and will force the completion of a road or roads in and through our county which will command the travel of the whole year from East to West and from West to East; for no sane man proposes to run a railroad on the Sacramento routes, through snow-banks fifteen or twenty feet deep, when a good road can be built which will avoid a snow route, almost entirely; and that route does exist through this country, no one living here will deny.

One goes below to Sacramento or San Francisco, and he hears of Plumas county, as we hear of the Arctic regions; an approach to it, by capital, is chilled by the terrible stories of our isolation. We know that our homes rest on mines as rich as any in the world; that if the same wealth existed in the frozen North it would have been developed years ago; but, unfortunately, we are too far north of Sacramento city to hope for aid from her, and our interest is adverse to the 3 per cent of San Francisco, who always have controlled our legislation, and who do not propose to loose their hold.

We ask any candid reader in this county to imagine any point within our boundaries which is not supposed to be rich in mineral wealth, and then to ask himself the reason why this hill or that has not been pierced by tunnels to prospect and develop that wealth. Then we ask him to imagine the result which would follow if a few thousand dollars of idle capital were employed in testing the richness of these vast regions. Do they suppose that there is no gold only in the rivers or on the banks? Do they think there are no hidden channels whose wealth will discount the fabulous stories of the Rich Bar of '49? Do they suppose that the only gold quartz ledges which will pay are the Crescent, the Eureka or the Granite? Can the Cosmopolitan be the only vein of copper ore where the whole country seems "copper bottomed"? And yet men are found who stand ready to beat back the approach of any capital to this county, unless it come in the shape of gold "twenties" when they ought to know that if national currency were allowed to be introduced, it would seek investment in these hills and make us what we ought to be, and what our wealth entitles us to be, the richest mining county in the State.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

By his Excellency, Fred'k F. Low, Governor of California.

"Enter into His gates with thanksgiving, and into His courts with praise."

In obedience to the time-honored belief of our fathers, that States, as well as individuals, should publicly acknowledge the Supremacy of Divine Power, and in accordance with the recommendation of the President of the United States, I do hereby appoint THURSDAY, the 7th Day of December next, as a day when the people of California may unite with the people of her sister States in PUBLIC THANKSGIVING to the Great Ruler of the Universe.

Let that day be set apart throughout our borders for religious exercises in our churches, and social festivities in our homes; for upon no occasion, since the foundation of the Republic, has there been so much reason to recognize the hand of God in our concerns.

While other lands have been scourged with epidemic disease, we have enjoyed during the year the unmeasured blessings of health.

Our schools and seminaries of learning are in a flourishing condition.

Our mines are still yielding of their abundance; our harvests have been plenteous; and all our industrial pursuits have prospered in an unusual degree.

But above all, and more than all, we have reason to rejoice that peace has been restored to our beloved country. The deluge of blood through which, for four years, the Nation's flag was carried, has been stayed by an Almighty hand. The black cloud of war and desolation has been lifted, and VICTORY appears inscribed in letters of living light upon its silver lining, to gladden the hearts of an earnest, humane, and Christian people.

The war for the Union has culminated in the triumph of liberal principles, and the complete vindication of constitutional authority.

Slavery has been destroyed in the conflict of arms, and under the blessing of God the Republic is once more united upon the basis of equal and exact justice to all its citizens. Let us, then, mingle with our thanksgivings such acts of kindness to the friendless, and such words of sympathy to those who may be in distress, as shall testify an humble and grateful spirit in the midst of our boundless blessings.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the Great Seal of State to be affixed, at Sacramento, this tenth day of November, A. D. 1865.

FRED'K F. LOW,
Governor of California.
B. B. REDDING, Sec'y of State.

MAXIMILIAN LEGALIZING SLAVERY.—A late order of this usurper holds out inducements to "emigrants" to introduce other persons, whom he calls laborers, and establishes for them a condition of peonage or servitude. The New York Evening Post thus speaks of this movement:

Under cover of a pretended love of liberty this order of Napoleon's agent introduces a system of slavery in Mexico, and in connection with it holds out inducements for the introduction on this continent of great numbers of Africans, Chinese, Malays, etc. This has long been a favorite project of the French Emperor; but it is not one conducive to the welfare of the United States or of the people of North America. We do not want to see this continent overrun by barbarous Africans and Asiatics.

Maximilian is becoming an unbearable nuisance. He will have to be abated in the general interest of the whole continent. Not content with imposing himself upon Mexico by French bayonets, not satisfied with hiring an army of European vagabonds, and soldiers of fortune to defend him in his usurped seat, he now aims to make Mexico a place of deposit for the rubbish of all nations' and races—a gathering-place for hordes of ignorant and vicious barbarians. It is high time that our Government gave him and his master warning to get out of Mexico.

THE FIRST SUCCESS IN COPPER SMELTING IN CALIFORNIA.—Mr. J. N. Wooster and Mr. George Walker, of the Pacific Novelty Iron Works on Oakland Point, have exhibited to us some perfect proofs of their ability to obtain pure copper from the ore and to smelt copper either at the Novelty Iron Works or at any point nearer to the copper mines of the Pacific coast. They claim to have achieved the first complete success in this important branch of work in California, and they are men who possess in the most eminent degree all the qualities necessary to the development of great enterprises. Their first experiment in the smelting of copper was made with some inferior ore brought from Arizona. This ore assayed only fourteen per cent. of pure metal and from this they obtained ten per cent. in a ready fusible form in manufacture. Knowing these ingenious men, we are confident that they can speedily effect the speedy removal of the necessity of shipping copper ore to other countries to undergo the first process before it becomes useful in the mechanic arts.—[Flag].

Messrs. Wooster & Walker have no right to claim that they have achieved the first complete success in smelting copper ore in this State. We claim that to Mr. J. C. Chapman, of Genesee Valley in this country, belongs that honor. The smelting works at Genesee Valley, of which Mr. Chapman is part owner and superintendent, have been smelting ore for a year past, and producing pure copper for the first time, and that too from the first process of smelting. Several tons of copper from the above works are now in San Francisco. Look about you, Mr. Flag.

THE President's policy has already been "impeached" by the popular will. As to Congress impeaching the President, that's "junk." —[Appeal].

How is that? The people have impeached the policy of the President! Pray, in what State has the popular will taken such a "chute"? Where has an election been held since Johnson took the chair, in which there has been no issue made against "his policy"? In New York, both parties endorsed his policy. Pray, where do you draw the "divide" between endorsement and impeachment, when both sides *endorse*? Pshaw—the Appeal is getting decidedly "spooney."

WHAT, then, is to hinder the Union members of the Legislature from holding their assemblies, pledging themselves to abide by its decision, voting quietly for the candidates of their choice, and giving a unanimous support to the man who shall secure the approval of the majority? —[Sac. Union].

As Billy Birch would say, "Dat am de question."

Advertisements.

RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORE THOSE WHO ARE SUFFERING FROM RHEUMATISM that he has, after years of research, succeeded in composing a medicine which he proves in numerous cases to be an infallible remedy for all rheumatic complaints, no matter how long standing. THE CALIFORNIA RHEUMATIC REMEDY consists of three distinct preparations, Nos. 1 and 2 being for internal use, and No. 3 for external use. It is made from common medicinal ingredients. THE CALIFORNIA RHEUMATIC REMEDY is warranted to give immediate relief, and to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases of rheumatism, in a few weeks, or the money will be refunded. The California Rheumatic Remedy, together with its accompanying directions, may be forwarded by Express to any part of the Pacific Coast, upon receipt of \$7.50 in coin, or the equivalent in greenbacks.

For sale only by SAMUEL ADAMS, At the United States Drug Store, corner of Bush and Powell streets, San Francisco. 45-3m

Nervous Complaints.

It is not probable that there is a country in the world where the inhabitants suffer so much from diseases having their origin in derangement of the nervous system, as in California. A slight disease of the nerves, if not promptly attended to, will produce such complaints as RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MENTAL and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCE, HEART DISEASE, and numerous minor complaints; under which the patient suffers until the physical powers are destroyed, the nervous system shattered and the sufferer sinks into an untimely grave. In all cases of nervous disorders.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE

will effect a permanent cure and restore the patient to health and strength. Even when apparently on the verge of the grave, this medicine will snatch the intended victim from the fell destroyer and hold the grim monster at bay, sometimes for years. WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE is purely a vegetable preparation, and will harm no one. Persons of sedentary habits or those whose occupation require extraordinary exercise of the brain, will find this medicine of great benefit, as it produces activity of the physical functions and quiet to the nerves.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE is for sale by DRUGISTS.

An Interesting Letter.

Very few persons, even among physicians, would have been willing upon any terms to have been in the condition of the writer of the following letter on the 14th of February last. I will extract the principal parts of it, by saying that on the 15th August, 1863, while disease had clung to me with a severe grip, I was made ill with chills, fever, loss of strength, and was pronouncing myself to be on the point of death. I had been informed that I could not be cured here, and went to San Francisco, and while waiting for a doctor, Dr. Bourne, who stated that a trip to the Islands would be necessary, I was told that it was necessary, as I could then be speedily cured at the establishment. I lived off under his treatment, and in one week was well again. I then took a turn about the city, and to my doctor, Dr. Bourne, who had been sent to me, I said, "I am well now, and returned to duty." In about two weeks, I was again ill, and again under his treatment, and was again well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, will be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I could, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure, and as I was well again, I expected me to return, but I thought I might return another time. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, I was told that I had to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days, I was well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, should be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I could, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure, and as I was well again, I expected me to return, but I thought I might return another time. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, I was told that I had to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days, I was well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, should be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I could, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure, and as I was well again, I expected me to return, but I thought I might return another time. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, I was told that I had to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days, I was well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, should be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I could, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure, and as I was well again, I expected me to return, but I thought I might return another time. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, I was told that I had to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days, I was well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, should be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I could, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure, and as I was well again, I expected me to return, but I thought I might return another time. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, I was told that I had to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days, I was well again. I remained with him only six weeks, when I left, "a fever and a benign malady without the aid of medicine." I have been ill at work since, but have been able to gain strength every day, and at present bid fair to be stronger than ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment, Dr. Bourne, should be sure to find him in much pain of his feet, and seen was completely run down that he could not stand, but as fast as I

The Quincy Union.

LOCAL ITEMS.

CLOSED.—All travel with teams over the Orville road is stopped for the present season. The late rains have damaged the toll road to the extent of at least \$1,000.

THE REASON.—The storm having cut off all communication between Quincy and the balance of the county is impossible for us to present a great variety of local news to our readers this week.

TAXES.—The tax payers of Indian and American Valleys have been negligent about paying their taxes. In every other portion of the county the taxes were nearly all paid. But in the places mentioned, there are a large number of delinquents.

SHERIFF.—It is more than probable that if Mr. Clark enters upon the duties of the office of Sheriff of this county, on the first Monday of March next, he will do so upon authority of an order to that effect from the Supreme Court; and it is more than probable that no such order will ever be issued.

PURCHASED.—Messrs. W. A. Boller and M. D. Howell have purchased Messrs. Glazier & Bro's interest, consisting of one hundred and fifty-six shares in the Crescent Quartz Mining Company, for the sum of \$50,000. There are five hundred shares in the company, and Messrs. Boller and Howell now own more than one-half of all the stock.

IRREGULAR.—The Mail and Express has arrived here rather irregularly during the past week. We have no fault to find in regard to it, because it was almost an impossibility for a man to travel the road, let alone carrying the Mail. The contractors promised us that if it is possible the Mail shall arrive here regularly during the Winter. We hope it will.

THE COURT.—Court met on Monday last, at per adjournment. Several witnesses were called and examined on part of the plaintiff and defendant. On Wednesday, after the arguments of the counsel, the case was submitted, and taken under advisement by the Court. Court then adjourned until Monday, the 27th inst., at which time judgment will be rendered.

HIGH WATER.—The rains of last week caused the streams in this vicinity to overflow their banks. Our valley assumed the appearance of a vast lake. The damage done by the "flood" was slight. A few bridges and considerable fencing were carried off, and the roads washed out, so as to require repairing before they can be traveled. All river mining in the county has been closed out very uncomformably.

CANDIDATES.—We understand that the following named gentlemen are candidates for the office of Supervisor of District No. 1: John B. McGee, W. Gilbert, C. White and B. F. Baker. The election takes place on the 29th inst. Officers of the election should see to it that the returns from the precincts are forwarded to the County Clerk, on or before Monday, December 4th, as the Supervisors will meet on that day to canvass the votes.

GOING TO SACRAMENTO.—Hon. J. D. Goodwin intends starting for Sacramento on Wednesday next. We hope that John D. will have a pleasant trip—that his stay in Sacramento may be profitable to himself, and advantageous to his constituency. Mr. Goodwin carries with him to his public labors, the best wishes and warmest regards of a host of friends, who, regardless of political difference, wish him to make his mark, as his capacity warrants them in believing he will. That he may prove honest and true to Plumas and Lassen, we believe. That he will prove equal to any emergency, we have no doubt, and so until the Spring shall restore the fallen leaves, we bid our friend and representative, good-bye.

GRANT ON NEGRO SUFFRAGE.—In a recent speech delivered at Milwaukee, by Senator Doolittle, he thus defines the position of General Grant on the subject of negro suffrage:

"But I will not stop here. This is too serious a matter for men with flippant tongue to pass over, as if there were nothing in it. The other day, when General Grant was here, spending several hours with him in free conversation upon this subject among others, he expressed to me the same opinion. Said I, 'General Grant, I never quote private conversation without express permission. Am I permitted to state what you now state to me?' Said he: 'Certainly, there is no concealment on my part.' And he stated to me in the conversation that a considerable portion of the trouble between the whites and the blacks that had already occurred, was in consequence of this unwise attempt to force negro suffrage in those States. He said further, that if the Federal Government were to attempt to do it and to enforce it, it would undoubtedly produce war between the two races there. Now how does it seem for some of these young men who were never there in their lives, and know nothing about it, some editor of a newspaper, or some stump orator—how does it seem for such men, in presence of authority like this, to say it means nothing? When I stand up before the people and plead to save the lives of these poor, down-trodden men, whom their mistaken zeal, false philanthropy and blind fanaticism, would hurry into their graves by hundreds and thousands, perhaps, [applause].

COPPER SMELTING.—Mr. Walker, an experienced miner and smelter, says the Cal, has been making experiments in copper smelting with a furnace he has lately constructed. He erected a furnace at Oakland Point, and on Wednesday made his first experiment, which was highly successful. The ore used was of a poor quality, and especially of a poor character for melting, yet his first experiment succeeded in extracting the ore within two per cent of all the copper it contained, as shown by assay, and turned out regular, ready for shipment. Mr. Walker's furnace has the merit of cheapness, in being able to extract one ton for \$150 each of copper to melt two and a half tons of ore daily. Where fuel is easily attainable, the cost of smelting will be comparatively trifling. There appears to be no doubt that Mr. Walker has obtained that which is the great want of copper miners, viz.: a cheap and simple method of reducing the ore to regulus of a rich quality.

MONTANA NEWS.—Immigration is still pouring into Montana from the East and from "the other side"—Idaho and Oregon. Helena City is thought to be a livelier and better place for business now than Virginia City. General merchandise is arriving, per trains and pack trains, from the Pacific slope. Flour and staple articles are at present low, but the market is expected to be brisk and command big prices before the year '66. The Post of the 28th October has the following:

The demand for flour continues active. Purchases are made with unusual freedom at an advance in the prices noted in our last week's report, the inquiry being mostly from Helena and Blackfoot City, for large lots. It is as low now as can possibly be looked for, owing to an advance in freight of three cents per pound; and should the present storm continue, so as to impede the progress of trains now on the road from Salt Lake City, there is every probability that it will advance daily, in view of which, those who purchase soonest will undoubtedly get the best. It is estimated that there are eight thousand sacks here at the present time, which is mostly held by speculators. Extreme dullness is the prevailing feature of the tea market; prices are entirely nominal. At a further decline of fifty cents per pound, we can see no great cause for the reduction, as there is not near enough for the Winter's consumption and only a few small lots are arriving. The demand for coffee is very fair and prices remain unchanged at \$1 to \$1.05. The tobacco market is very firm and there is considerable inquiry for common brands, of which there is but very little in the market. Natural leaf, \$2.70; ordinary, \$2.25; at \$2.50. S. L. flour sells at \$17.50@18.50; St. Louis, \$20@\$27.

AT THE President's late speech to the colored regiments in Washington, when he remarked that "liberty consisted of being permitted to enjoy the profit of one's labor," a sergeant among the colored soldiers immediately in front exclaimed, "Thank God it means even that much."

WASHINGTON, November 14th.—The President-to-day appointed General John A. Logan, of Illinois, Minister, and William A. Browning, of Tennessee, Secretary of Legation to the Republic of Mexico. General Logan is well known as a strong and earnest friend of the Liberal cause of that country.

THE majority of the people of the free States are opposed to universal suffrage.—[Appeal.]

Just commencing to get your eyes open, are you? Have you heard from "Connecticut"?

Mining Notices.

Howard Gold & S. Mining Co.

NOTICE.—THERE IS DELINQUENT UPON the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the 16th day of July, 1864, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names No. Cert. No. Shrs. Am't. J. H. Holms, 11 6: 153 5 ea \$ 7 50 Miss Olive Welson, 43 1 50 Miss E. Feudt, 44 1 50 Miss E. Frudt, 41 1 50 Miss L. Lundberg, 45 1 50 W. H. Baxter, 99 5 25 Stephen Ots, 160 25 12 50 Mrs. S. O. Olsby, 171 7 3 50 Mrs. E. A. Olmsted, 151 1 50 Mrs. A. B. Terrell, 162 1 50 T. Vanclief, 163 50 25 P. O. Hundy, 4 5 50 E. T. Hogan, 30 15 00 H. J. Smith, 149 5 50 Mrs. Lynch, 76 25 2 50 J. L. Thompson, 85 5 2 50 P. A. Mudge, 111 5 5 00 G. Larby, 112 10 5 00 W. C. Stokes, 109 5 2 50 Mrs. M. Stokes, 110 5 2 50 W. W. Argent, 121 1 50 Mrs. W. Argent, 118 2 1 15 E. Hickok, 127 2 1 15 S. S. Waterman, 128 2 1 25 Mrs. John Hill, 135 2 1 00 Miss Mary Hallinan, 133 1 50 S. W. Wilson, 163 5 2 50 W. A. Chambers, 158 25 12 50 W. T. Bvers, 157 5 2 50 Mrs. A. Pixley, 84 6 3 00 Chas Miller, 166 15 7 50 Mrs. H. Brown, 167 4 2 00 John Sherman, 47 26 13 00 Mrs. John Sherman, 48 26 13 00 John Goodwin, 5 5 00 same, 98 2 1 00 same, 114 25 12 50 same, 162 16 8 00 J. S. Gilson, 181 80 40 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Trustees, made on the 25th day of November, 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said stock, as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the Secretary, at Quincy, on the 11th day of December, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees, J. E. EDWARDS, Sec'y. per J. S. GILSON. 4-d. Office at Quincy, Plumas County.

Howard Gold & Silver Mining Company,—Argentine District, Plumas County, California.—NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 25th day of November, 1865, an assessment of fifty cents per share was levied on the capital stock of said Company, payable on the 27th day of November, 1865, in United States gold and silver coin, at the Secretary's office of the Company, at Quincy, Plumas County, Cal, for the election of officers for the ensuing year.

J. E. EDWARDS, Sec'y. per J. S. GILSON. 4-d.

Howard Gold & Silver Mining Company,—Argentine District, Plumas County, Cal.—NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 25th day of November, 1865, an assessment of fifty cents per share was levied on the capital stock of said Company, payable on the 27th day of November, 1865, in United States gold and silver coin, at the Secretary's office of the Company, at Quincy, Plumas County, Cal, for the first experiment succeeded in extracting the ore within two per cent of all the copper it contained, as shown by assay, and turned out regular, ready for shipment. Mr. Walker's furnace has the merit of cheapness, in being able to extract one ton for \$150 each of copper to melt two and a half tons of ore daily. Where fuel is easily attainable, the cost of smelting will be comparatively trifling. There appears to be no doubt that Mr. Walker has obtained that which is the great want of copper miners, viz.: a cheap and simple method of reducing the ore to regulus of a rich quality.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTICOKE is a certain REMEDY FOR ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ALUMINUM, HALL'S SALSAPARILLA, YELLOW POD AND HOODIE OF POYASS.

22-2m.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTICOKE is a certain REMEDY FOR ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS.

Advertisements.

North American Gold & Silver Mining Co.

Argentine District, Plumas County, Cal.—NOTICE.—There is delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the 30th day of September, 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Names No. Cert. Shares. Am't. Geo Angelback, 185 12 \$ 6 00 L. Bratt, 35 10 25 ea 23 00 same, 177 28 25 25 ea 23 00 Mrs C B Colburn, 165 30 15 00 H. G. Richmon, 167 165 150 170 6 ea 12 00 H. Neseen, 143 15 7 50 Jno. Neeson, 165 60 30 00 Wm. Schleifer, 142 13 7 50 Bloomingdale, 6 62 18 ea 18 00 same, 63 64 65 66 24 ea 45 00 B Marks, 44 43 46 47 239 6 ea 15 00 same, 44 43 46 47 239 6 ea 27 00 Geo Kerrison, 237 238 6 ea 21 00 John McCoy, 191 192 193 194 6 ea 2 00 same, 195 196, 197 6 ea 2 00 T G Johnson, 122 12 6 00 J B Johnson, 121 6 3 00 Joseph C. Searles, 64 6 3 00 E C Rose, 177 6 3 00 same, not issued 24 12 00 A M. Swett, not issued 6 3 00 John Warren, 99 6 3 00 Jno. Sipleyman, 121 134 135 136 6 ea 15 00 Wm Parker, 58 18 9 00 H S Ackerman, 55 6 3 00 G P Hunt, 55 6 3 00 same, 56 12 6 00 Charles Lombard, 27 28 29 30 10 ea 20 00 same, 31 32 33 34 5 ea 10 00 E O Andrews, 20 6 3 00 L K Baker, 144 6 3 00 Lyon Baker, 123 2 3 4 5 6 7 12 6 3 00 T Eaton, 1-2 6 3 00 A Haerick, 60 24 12 00 J M Noyes, 67 12 6 00 C Gray, 101 6 3 00 same, 104 18 9 00 A W Cutts, 102 10 ea 10 00 H T Lee, 104 6 3 00 same, 223 224 10 ea 10 00 R. M. Overton, 108 18 9 00 G. W. Hunt, 109 6 3 00 Jno. Cornell, 119 9 4 50 Wm M. Clinton, 112 6 3 00 B Biglow, 122 6 3 00 Charles Lampiere, 155 6 3 00 same, 156 157 10 ea 10 00 McLean & Ackerman, 158 159 160 161 16 2 163 3 6 3 00 E. Gerber, 172 5 2 00 same, 173 5 2 00 Jno. Schley, 175 5 2 00 W Holt, 219 220 246 250 6 ea 72 00 same, 234 232 70 77 5 2 00 A P. Cutts, 221 5 2 00 P. George, 227 5 2 00 W. H. Lyon, 258 6 3 00 Jno. Harold, 219 2 7 00 W. H. Winter, 267 6 3 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 23rd day of October, 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the Secretary at Quincy, on the 13th day of November, A. D., 1865, and 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board, A. P. MOORE, Sec'y. Office in the Court House, Quincy, Cal. 4-d.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD THE ABOVE SALE IS POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27TH, 1865. A. P. MOORE, Sec'y.

11-2-05.

REASURER'S AND AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE QUARTER ENDING SEPT. 8TH, 1865.

TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, PLUMAS COUNTY:

TO BALANCE CASH ON HAND, JUNE

1865, \$5,650 25 \$5,650 25

DISTRIBUTED AS FOLLOWS:

STATE FUND \$1,627 33

GENERAL FUND 464 41

BUILDING FUND 187 57

DOCK & WHARF 43 09

SICK FUND 38 99

SCHOOL FUND 221 10

MINERAL T'P FUND 78 77

PROVIDENT FUND 180 24

MINERAL T'P FUND 180

The Quincy Union.

OFFICIAL.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
County of Plumas, Court
CLERK'S OFFICE, QUINCY, NOV-
EMBER 13th 1865.

A VACANCY EXISTING IN THE OFFICE of Supervisor of Supervisor District, No. 1, of Plumas County, owing to the failure of J. Geiger, (who was duly elected as such Supervisor at the General Election held in said county, on the 6th day of September, 1865,) to appear and qualify as by law required: it is therefore, in accordance with the Statutes in such cases made and provided—ORDERED, that a Special Election for a Supervisor for Supervisor District, No. 1 (composed of the townships of Washington and Quartz,) Plumas Co., Cal., be held on

Wednesday, November 29th, 1865, in said Supervisor District, at the following named precincts, and that the following named persons be and they are hereby appointed Officers of such Election at the respective precincts, viz:

NELSON POINT.—S. Myers, Inspector. A. F. Hardy and C. White, Judges.

SAWPIT FLAT.—H. Egbert, Inspector. W. H. Knowles and J. Uri, Judges.

POORMAN'S CREEK.—T. A. Turner, Inspector. J. C. Gentry and D. W. Beard, Judges.

HOPKIN'S CREEK.—G. Nohman, Inspector. Jas. Cox and S. P. Blair, Judges.

LOST CREEK.—A. Houghton, Inspector. E. O'Brian and Chas. Ryan, Judges.

GRASS VALLEY.—D. A. Carpenter, Inspector. H. C. Towle and J. Webber, Judges.

JAMISON CITY.—J. B. McGee, Inspector. R. Penman and Fred. King, Judges.

EUREKA MILLS.—G. A. Reynolds, Inspector. G. A. Snyder and W. Elwell, Judges.

BECKWORTH VALLEY.—G. W. Mapes, Inspector. E. W. Kramer and H. L. Robinson, Judges.

SUMMIT.—H. C. Wilkins, Inspector. B. F. Bobo and W. Nulton, Judges.

FRANKLIN HILL.—G. A. Trussell, Inspector. M. H. Stone and B. J. Reed, Judges.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, { L. S. } I have hereunto set my hand, { and affixed the Seal of our said County Court, this 13th day of November, 1865.

W. W. KELLOGG,
County Clerk, Plumas Co., Cal.

LAW'S GOVERNING ELECTIONS.

ARTICLE 2150—SEC. 10.—Every white male citizen of the United States, and every white male citizen of Mexico, who shall have been elected to become a citizen of the United States, under the treaty of peace exchanged and ratified at Queretaro, on the 13th day of May, 1848, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of the State six months next preceding the election, and the county or district in which he claims his vote thirty days, shall be entitled to vote at all elections which are now, or hereafter may be, authorized by law.

ART. 2127—SEC. 17.—It shall be the duty of each Inspector to be at the place where the polls are to be opened in the precinct for which he is appointed, from 8 o'clock in the morning until sunset of the day of election. Should such Inspector not appear at 8 o'clock in the morning, the electors present at the place where the polls are to be opened, may appoint an Inspector for the precinct.

ART. 2128—SEC. 18.—The Board of Inspectors for each precinct shall, before the time of opening the polls, appoint two suitable persons to act as Clerks.

ART. 2129—SEC. 19.—Before any election shall be opened, the Inspectors, Judges and Clerks shall each, before any officer authorized to administer oaths, take an oath that he will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties assigned him by law. If there is no person present authorized to administer oaths, the Inspector shall administer the same to the Judges and Clerks, and one of the Judges shall then administer the oath to the Inspector.

ART. 2132—SEC. 23.—The Board of Judges before they commence receiving ballots, shall cause it to be proclaimed aloud at the place of voting that the polls are opened.

ART. 2135—SEC. 26.—The name of each elector whose ballot has thus been received, shall be immediately entered by such Clerk, in the column of his poll list, headed, "Names of Voters," numbering each name in the additional column, as it is taken down, so that it may be seen at any time whether the two lists agree.

SEC. 7.—The Board of Judges of Election shall keep a minute of their proceedings in respect to the challenging and administering of oaths to persons offering to vote, in which shall be entered by one of them the name of every person who shall have taken the oaths prescribed by this Act, or either of them, specifying in each case whether preliminary oath, or the general oath, or both, were taken; which minutes and statements shall be certified by the Inspector, and returned by him to the office at which the returns of votes given at such election are made, and the minutes so returned shall be filed in the office aforesaid.

ART. 2138—SEC. 22.—When the polls are closed, proclamation thereof shall be made at the place of voting, and no votes shall be afterwards received.

ART. 2139—SEC. 23.—As soon as the polls are closed on the afternoon of the day of election the Judges shall open the ballot box and commence counting the votes; and in no case shall the ballot box be removed from the room in which any election may be held until all the ballots are counted; the counting of ballots shall in all cases be public, the ballots shall be taken out carefully one by one, by the Inspector or one of the Judges, who shall open them and read aloud the names of each person contained therein, and the office for which every such person is voted for.—Each clerk shall write

down each office to be filled, and the name of each person voted for such office, and shall keep the number of votes by tallies, as they are read aloud by the Inspector or Judge.—The counting of the votes shall be continued without adjournment until all are counted.

ART. 2141—SEC. 25.—As soon as all the votes are read and counted, a certificate shall be drawn upon each of the papers containing the poll list and tallies, or attached thereto, stating the number of votes each person voted for is received, and designating the office to fill which he was voted for which number shall be written in words in full length. Each certificate shall be signed by the Clerks, Judges and Inspector; one of said certificates, with the poll list and tally paper to which it is attached, shall be retained by the Inspector and preserved by him at least six months. The ballots shall be strung upon a cord or thread by the Inspector, during the counting of the ballots, in the order in which they are entered upon the tally list by the Clerks, and said ballots, together with the other said certificates, with the poll list and tally paper to which it is attached, shall be sealed up by the Inspector in presence of the Judges and Clerks and endorsed "Election Returns," and be directed and delivered, and sent by the Inspector to the County Clerk of the county in which the election is held, and the said ballots shall be kept for at least six months by said Clerk; and if any person be of the opinion that the vote of any precinct shall not have been correctly counted, he may appear on the day appointed for the Board of Supervisors to open the returns, and demand a record of the vote of said precinct; and the Board of Supervisors shall proceed to recount the vote of the precinct that is so claimed to have been incorrectly counted.

Advertisements.

MOORE

AT THE—

Post Office,

Has for sale the following Goods:

CANDIES,
NUTS,
RAISINS,
FIGS,
DRIED PEACHES,
CITRON,
DRIED APPLES,
DRIED CURRANTS,
HONEY IN THE COMB,
JELLIES,
JAMS,
AND
OYSTERS,
A No. 1 HAVANA CIGARS,
CABLE TOBACCO,
COMMON TOBACCO,
KILLICKNICK TOBACCO,
FOREST ROSE TOBACCO,
PIPES AND SNUFF.
Also a very large assortment of
POCKET KNIVES,
RAZORS,
STRAPS AND BRUSHES,
TOYS,
PORT MONAIAS,
PENS, INK
AND PAPER,
ENVELOPES,
TIME BOOKS,
AND DIARIES

Drugs and Medicines,

Consisting in part of

Sarsaparillas,
Expectorants, Balsams,
Liniments, Ointments, Sciditz
Powders, Castor Oil, Eye Water,
Pain Killer, Pills (all kinds),
Mrs. Winslow's Syrup,
Spalding's Glue,
&c., &c.

Together with a general assortment of
Toilet and Fancy Articles.

J. J. KNOWLTON & CO., ADVERTISING AGENT,

Express Building,
corner of Montgomery and California st's.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sincerity Lodge, No. 132, F. &

A. M.—The stated meetings of

Sincerity Lodge, No. 132, F. & A. M., are

held on the first Saturday of each month at the Masonic Hall, Taylerville. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

D. EVEY, W. M.

EXCHANGE SALOON.

MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR

well supplied with the best of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.

JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

24-1f.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP.

MAIN ST., QUINCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY

inform the public that he is now prepared to

do every kind of work in his line such as

Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing,

wagon Ironing, &c.,

PICKS made to order, or sharpened on short notice.

JOHN WALKER.

RATES OF LEGAL ADVERTISING.

The following Tariff of charges for Legal Advertising will, in all cases, be strictly adhered to in this office:

SUMMONS—District Court, 3 months, \$25.00

3 weeks, 15.00
Extra length, each square, 5.00

Judicature, 3 months, 20.00

3 weeks, 12.00
Extra length, each square, 2.00

SHERIFF'S SALE—4 weeks, 5.00

Extra length, each square, 5.00

CONSTABLE'S SALE—3 weeks, 12.00

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—3 weeks, 15.00

Extra length, each square, 5.00

SOLE TRADER NOTICE—4 weeks, 12.50

LIEN-HOLDER NOTICE—3 weeks, 10.00

Extra length, 2.50

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—4 weeks, 8.00

NOTICE TO CREDITOR—County Court, 4 weeks, 20.00

Probate Court, 3 months, 22.00

ESTATE NOTICE—2 weeks, 1 square, 4.50

All legal advertisements containing more than 4 squares per square, minnow, will be charged extra.

No affidavit of publication will be made out until the fees for advertising are paid.

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Probate Court, 3 months, 22.00

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NOTICE TO CREDITOR—County Court, 4 weeks, 20.00

Probate Court, 3 months, 22.00

ESTATE NOTICE—2 weeks, 1 square, 4.50

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